AES256SS IP Core Data Sheet

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AES256SS IP Core

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Product Specification

Rev1.04



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Core Facts							
Provided with Core							
Documentation	User Guide, Design Guide						
Design File Formats	Encrypted HDL						
Instantiation Templates	VHDL						
Reference Designs &	Vivado Project,						
Application Notes	See Reference design manual						
Additional Items	Demo on ZCU106						
Support							
Support Provided by Design Gateway Co., Ltd.							

Features

- Support AES ECB mode standard.
- Support 256-bit key size.
- Support input data width128-bit.
- Throughput rate at 128Mbits/MHz.
- Speed up to 51.2 Gbps @400MHz.
- Operate 128-bit data every clock cycle.

Table 1: Example Implementation Statistics for Encryption (UltraScale+)

Family	Example Device	Fmax (MHz)	CLB Regs	CLB LUTs	CLB ¹	ЮВ	BRAMTile	Design Tools
Zynq-Ultrascale+	xczu7ev-ffvc1156-2-e	400	4000	10553	2074	-	-	Vivado2021.1
Kintex-UltraScale+ ²	xcku5p-ffvb676-2-e	400	4000	10545	1847	-	-	Vivado2021.1
Virtex-Ultrascale+ ²	xcvu9p-flga2104-2L-e	425	4000	10549	2064	-	-	Vivado2021.1

Table 2: Example Implementation Statistics for Decryption (UltraScale+)

Family	Example Device	Fmax (MHz)	CLB Regs	CLB LUTs	CLB ¹	ЮВ	BRAMTile	Design Tools
Zynq-Ultrascale+	xczu7ev-ffvc1156-2-e	400	4000	15406	2747	-	-	Vivado2021.1
Kintex-UltraScale+ ²	xcku5p-ffvb676-2-e	400	4000	15432	2537	-	-	Vivado2021.1
Virtex-Ultrascale+ ²	xcvu9p-flga2104-2L-e	425	4000	15533	2831	-	-	Vivado2021.1

Notes:

1) Actual logic resource dependent on percentage of unrelated logic

2) The results were obtained from implementation in the same environment, but have not been tested on the actual board.

Family	Example Device	Fmax (MHz)	CLB Regs	CLB LUTs	Slice ¹	ЮВ	BRAMTile	Design Tools
Versal AI Core ²	xcvc1902-vsva2197-2MP-e-S	375	4001	11778	1988	-	-	Vivado2021.1

Table 3: Example Implementation Statistics for Encryption (Versal)

Table 4: Example Implementation Statistics for Decryption (Versal)

Family	Example Device	Fmax (MHz)	CLB Regs	CLB LUTs	Slice ¹	ЮВ	BRAMTile	Design Tools
Versal AI Core ²	xcvc1902-vsva2197-2MP-e-S	375	4000	15455	2593	-	-	Vivado2021.1

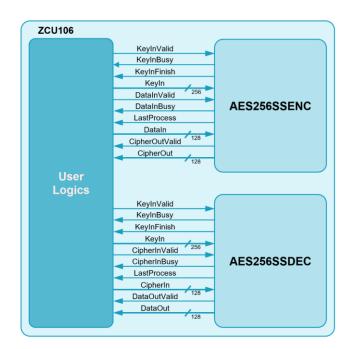


Figure 1: Block Diagram

General Description

AES256SS IP Core (AES256SSIP) implement the advanced encryption standard (AES) algorithm which is widely used in many applications like file encryption, processor security, and secure file transfer protocol.

AES is a symmetric block cipher algorithm of the Rijndael family. Please find more details in the Federal Information Processing Standards Publication (FIPS PUB) 197.

AES256SSIP or AES256 Super-Speed IP is consists of AES256SSENC module which that is encryption module and AES256SSDEC module which is decryption module as shown in Figure 1. Both module start with key setting use 15 clock cycles, After key setting user can operate 128-bit data every clock cycle.

Functional Description

1. AES256SSENC

Table 5: Interface signals of AES256SSENC

Signal name	Dir	Description
RstB	In	IP core system reset. Active low.
Clk	In	IP core system clock.
version[31:0]	Out	32-bit version number of AES256SSENC.
		Key setting signals
KeyInValid	In	KeyInValid is a user signal to specify data valid of KeyIn. Assert to '1' to indicate that KeyIn is valid and start key setting.
KeyInBusy	Out	KeyInBusy specifies busy status of key setting. Assert to '1' after user sets KeyInValid, until the last cycle of operation. KeyInValid or DataInValid will be ignored while KeyInBusy is '1'.
KeyInFinish	Out	KeyInFinish specifies finish status of key setting. Assert to '1' at the last cycle of operation.
KeyIn[255:0]	In	KeyIn is 256-bit key data for encryption. KeyIn must be valid when KeyInValid is asserted to '1'.
		Encryption control signals
DataInValid	In	DataInValid is a user signal to specify data valid of DataIn. Assert to '1' to indicate that DataIn is valid and start encryption process.
DataInBusy	Out	DataInBusy specifies busy status of encryption. Assert to '1' after user sets DataInValid, until the last cycle of operation. KeyInValid will be ignored while DataInBusy is '1'.
LastProcess	Out	LastProcess specifies the finish status of the last data. After the user does not send DataInValid='1' for 14 clock cycles LastProcess is asserted to '1' at the last cycle of operation.
Dataln[127:0]	In	Dataln is 128-bit input data. Dataln must be valid when DatalnValid is asserted to '1'.
CipherOutValid	Out	CipherOutValid specifies data valid for CipherOut. Assert to '1' when encryption finished.
CipherOut[127:0]	Out	CipherOut is 128-bit data output of encryption. Valid when CipherOutValid is asserted to '1'.

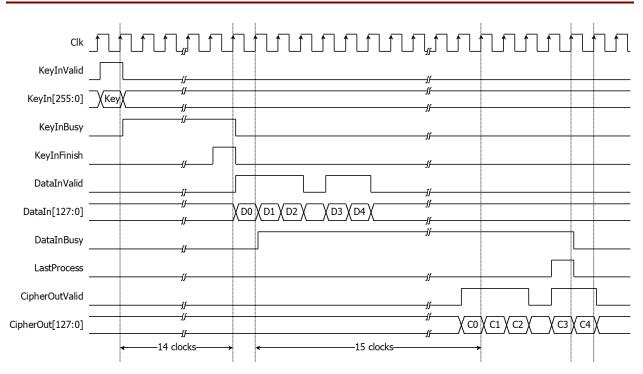


Figure 2: AES256SSENC operation timing diagram

AES256SSENC operation is as simple as 2 steps to use as below.

1.1. Key setting

Key setting is the first step to use AES256SSENC. As shown in Figure 2, AES256SSENC is started key setting process when KeyInValid='1' and takes 14 clocks cycles to finish the process (KeyInBusy='0'). After that, this KeyIn is used for every encryption and can be changed via KeyInValid is asserted to '1'.

1.2. Encryption control

As shown in Figure 2. After key setting, AES256SSENC can operate data every clock cycle. Dataln[127:0] is encrypted when DatalnValid='1', DatalnBusy is set to be '1' in the next cycle. Encrypted data is set to CipherOut[127:0] signal, while CipherOutValid signal is set to be '1' after 15 clock cycles. After the user does not send DatalnValid='1' for 14 clock cycles, LastProcess is active only one clock at the last cycle of operation and DatalnBusy is cleared to '0' in the next cycle.

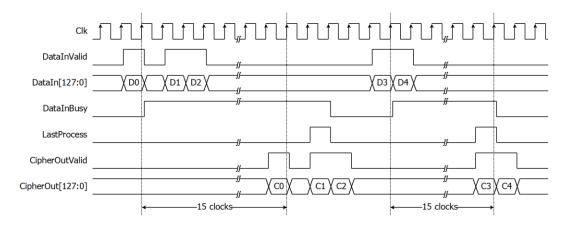


Figure 3: Timing diagram of encryption process

As shown in Figure 3, DataInBusy will be cleared when the user does not send DataInValid='1' more than 14 clock cycles, If the user wants to encrypt with the same key as the previous operation, user can send DataInValid='1' to encrypt DataIn[127:0] without key setting.

2. AES256SSDEC

Table 6: Interface signals of AES256SSDEC

Signal name	Dir	Description						
RstB	In	IP core system reset. Active low.						
Clk	In	IP core system clock.						
version[31:0]	Out	32-bit version number of AES256SSDEC.						
	Key setting signals							
KeyInValid	In	KeyInValid is a user signal to specify data valid of KeyIn.						
		Assert to '1' to indicate that KeyIn is valid and start key setting.						
KeyInBusy	Out	KeyInBusy specifies busy status of key setting.						
		Assert to '1' after user sets KeylnValid, until the last cycle of operation.						
		KeyInValid or CipherInValid will be ignored while KeyInBusy is '1'.						
KeyInFinish	Out	KeyInFinish specifies finish status of key setting.						
		Assert to '1' at the last cycle of operation.						
KeyIn[255:0]	In	KeyIn is 256-bit key data for decryption.						
		KeyIn must be valid when KeyInValid is asserted to '1'.						
		Decryption control signals						
CipherInValid	In	CipherInValid is a user signal to specify data valid of CipherIn.						
		Assert to '1' to indicate that CipherIn is valid and start decryption process.						
CipherInBusy	Out	CipherInBusy specifies busy status of decryption.						
		Assert to '1' after user sets CipherInValid, until the last cycle of operation. KeyInValid will be ignored while CipherInBusy is '1'.						
LastProcess	Out	LastProcess specifies the finish status of the last data.						
		After the user does not send CipherInValid='1' for 14 clock cycles						
		LastProcess is asserted to '1' at the last cycle of operation.						
CipherIn[127:0]	In	CipherIn is 128-bit encrypted input data.						
		CipherIn must be valid when CipherInValid is asserted to '1'.						
DataOutValid	Out	DataOutValid specify data valid for DataOut.						
		Assert to '1' when decryption finished.						
DataOut[127:0]	Out	DataOut is 128-bit data output of decryption.						
		Valid when DataOutValid is asserted to '1'.						

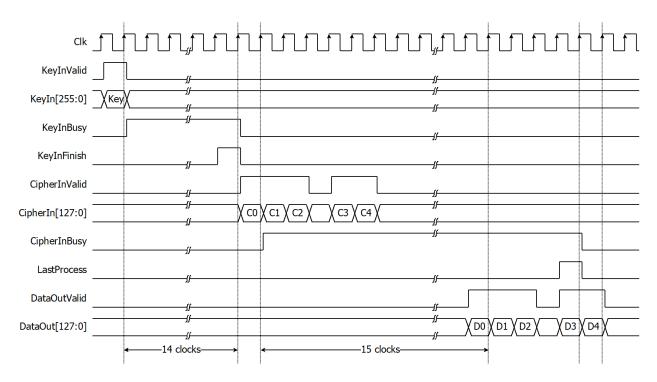


Figure 4: AES256SSDEC operation timing diagram

AES256SSDEC operation is as simple as 2 steps to use as below.

2.1. Key setting

Key setting is the first step to use AES256SSDEC. As shown in Figure 4, AES256SSDEC is started key setting process when KeyInValid='1' and takes 14 clocks cycles to finish the process (KeyInBusy='0'). After that, this KeyIn is used for every decryption and can be changed via KeyInValid is asserted to '1'.

2.2. Decryption control

As shown in Figure 4. After key setting, AES256SSDEC can operate data every clock cycle. Cipher[127:0] is decrypted when CipherInValid='1', CipherInBusy is set to be '1' in the next cycle. Decrypted data is set to DataOut[127:0] signal, while DataOutValid signal is set to be '1' after 15 clock cycles. After the user does not send CipherInValid='1' for 14 clock cycles, LastProcess is active only one clock at the last cycle of operation and CipherInBusy is cleared to '0' in the next cycle.

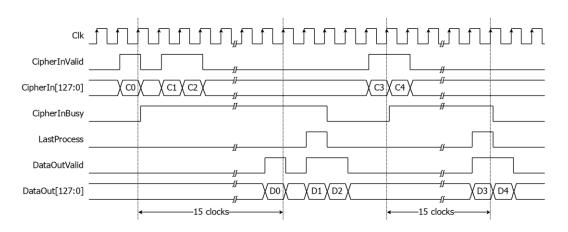


Figure 5: Timing diagram of decryption process

As shown in Figure 5, CipherInBusy will be cleared when the user does not send CipherInValid='1' more than 14 clock cycles, If the user wants to decrypt with the same key as the previous operation, user can send CipherInValid='1' to decrypt Cipher[127:0] without key setting.

Verification Methods

AES256SS IP Core functionality were verified on real board design by using ZCU106 Evaluation Board.

Recommended Design Experience

The user must be familiar with HDL design methodology to integrate this IP into system.

Ordering Information

This product is available directly from Design Gateway Co., Ltd. Please contact Design Gateway Co., Ltd. For pricing and additional information about this product using the contact information on the front page of this datasheet.

Revision History

Revision	Date	Description
1.00	1/Sep/2022	New release
1.02	16/Sep/2022	New design to improve performance
1.03	27/Sep/2022	Update pictures and description
1.04	15/Feb/2023	Add more resource information