

tCAM-IP Core

August 27, 2020

Product Specification

Rev1.01



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Features

- Key width 64/56/48/40/32/24 bits
- Up to 1M rule entries
- Searching latency is constant at 7 clock cycles
- Up to 200 MSPS @ 200MHz searching speed.
- Easy to customize rule table memory
- Simple rule table memory setup and user interface signals

Customizable

- Extend max rule width bits
- Extend max rule entries
- To support external memory

Core Facts	
Provided with Core	
Documentation	User Guide, Design Guide
Design File Formats	Encrypted hdl File
Verification	A10SoC board @200MHz
Instantiation Templates	VHDL
Reference Designs & Application Notes	QuartusII Project, See Reference Design Manual
Additional Items	Arria10 SoC Development Board
Simulation Tool Used	
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Support	
Support Provided by Design Gateway Co., Ltd.	

Table 1: Example Implementation Statistics for tCAMIP 64-bit up to 1M rule entries

Family	Example Device	Fmax (MHz)	ALMs	Registers ⁽¹⁾	M20Ks ⁽²⁾	Design Tools
Arria10 SX	10AS066N3F40E2SGE2	200	3,042.5	2,710	1,328	QuartusII 16.0

Table 2: Example Implementation Statistics for tCAMIP 32-bit up to 512K rule entries

Family	Example Device	Fmax (MHz)	ALMs	Registers ⁽¹⁾	M20Ks ⁽²⁾	Design Tools
Arria10 SX	10AS066N3F40E2SGE2	200	1,782	2,219	652	QuartusII 16.0

Notes:

(1) Actual logic resource dependent on percentage of unrelated logic.

(2) Exclude user rule table memory, Ex: 512K x 9-bit rule table memory will take 288 M20Ks.

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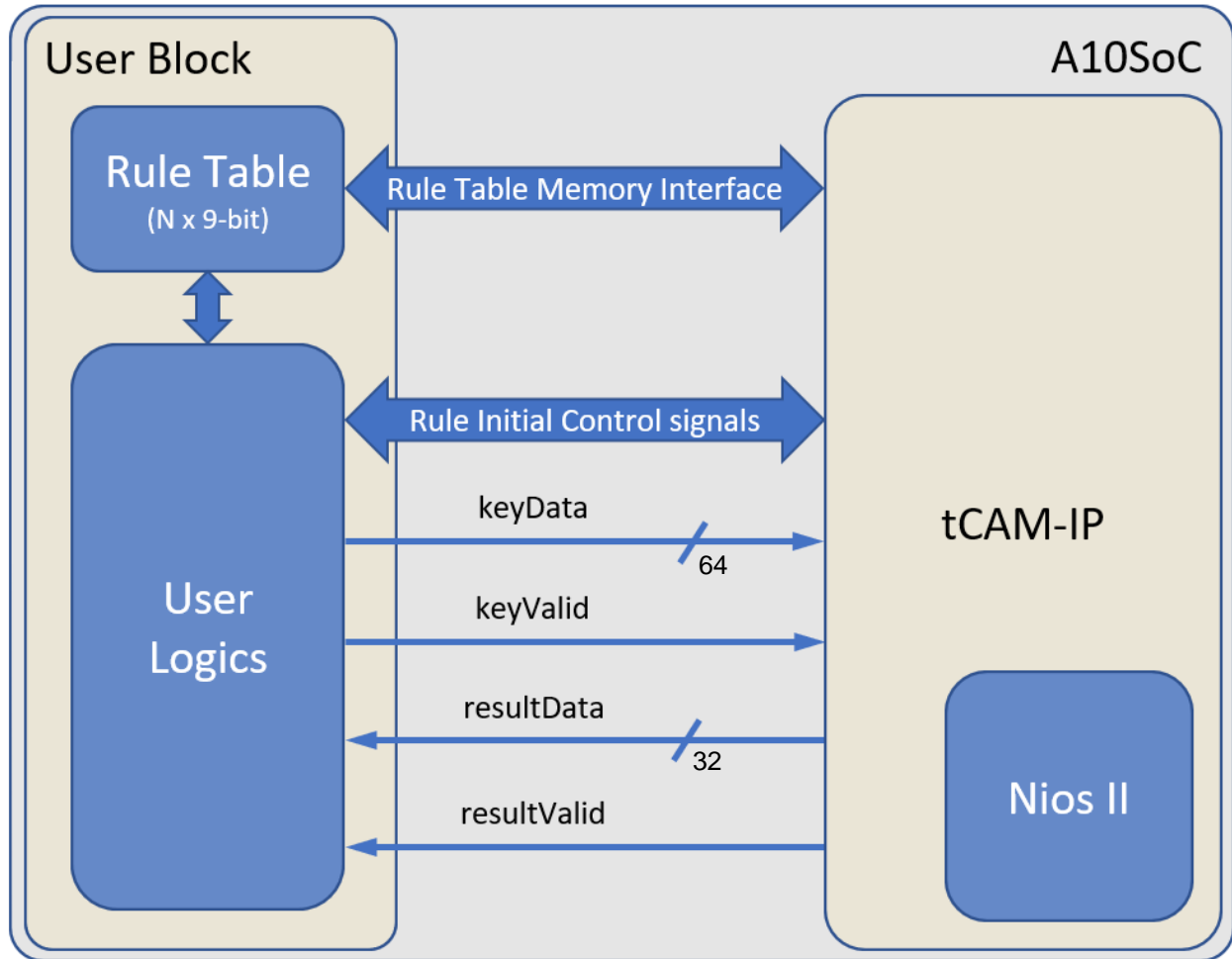


Figure 1: tCAM-IP Block Diagram

Applications

tCAM-IP is content addressable memory based on FPGA, that provide extremely low latency matching function at 200MSPS (million samples per second) continuously matching speed. It can achieve 200 M-Packet/sec (million packets per second) filtering on 100Gbps ethernet.

General Description

tCAM-IP is required simple process initialization that is described in the next topics. After tCAM-IP analyze rule data table and initialize internal matching logics. When initialize process is completed, tCAM-IP can continuously pass key to searching @ 200MSPS, and send matching result with fixed 7 clock cycles latency from key.

Functional Description

tCAM-IP core can be divided into three parts, i.e. rule table memory interface, rule initialize control signals, and key searching signals.

- **Interface signals**

Signal name	Dir	Description
RstB	In	IP core system reset. Active low.
Clk	In	IP core system clock.
Rule table memory interface signals		
ruleAddr[31:0]	Out	ruleAddr is 32-bit address signal, that tCAM-IP send to memory in first clock of read cycle. And hold value until get ruleRdValid='1' from memory module.
ruleRdReq	Out	ruleRdReq is request signal, that tCAM-IP send logic '1' to memory in first clock of read cycle. And hold '1' until get ruleRdValid='1' from memory module.
ruleRdValid	In	ruleRdValid is data valid signal, that memory module set to '1', one clock when ruleData is valid.
ruleData[8:0]	In	ruleData is read data signal, that memory module return data in memory to tCAM-IP
Rule initialize control signals		
ruleWidth[15:0]	In	ruleWidth is 16-bit value to specify number bits of rule. tCAM-IP can support 64/56/48/40/32/24 bit width.
ruleCount[31:0]	In	ruleCount is 32-bit value to specify number of rules to initialize tCAM-IP for searching.
ruleInit	In	ruleInit is request signal send to tCAM-IP for start initialize process. tCAM-IP will keep ruleWidth and ruleCount value in the first clock of ruleInit='1' and use for initialize process.
ruleBusy	Out	ruleBusy is set to '1' when tCAM-IP detected ruleInit='1', and ruleBusy is hold to be '1' until initialize process is finished, then tCAM-IP will pull ruleBusy to be '0'.
ruleStatusCode[3:0]	Out	ruleStatusCode is shown initialize status of tCAM-IP. User can read this signal when initialize process is finished (ruleBusy change from '1' to '0')
Key searching signals		
keyValid	In	keyValid is user signal to specify data valid of keyData
keyData[63:0]	In	keyData is 64-bit key data of searching. tCAM-IP can continuously search every clock cycle.
resultValid	Out	resultValid specify data valid for resultData, tCAM-IP generate resultValid signal from keyValid with 7 clock cycles latency
resultData[31:0]	Out	resultData is 32-bit result data of searching key. resultData has fixed latency at 7 clock cycles latency from keyData

Figure 2: Interface signals

• **Rule Table memory interace**

tCAM-IP is designed to separate rule table memory that is more flexible to customize by user. User may use simple memory IP generate by Quartus software, or use external memory like SD-RAM, DDR-RAM, etc.

Rule table memory interface signals is simple memory interface. Figure 3 shows timing diagram of rule table memory interface signals, user can simple customize memory latency time by delay ruleRdValid signal.

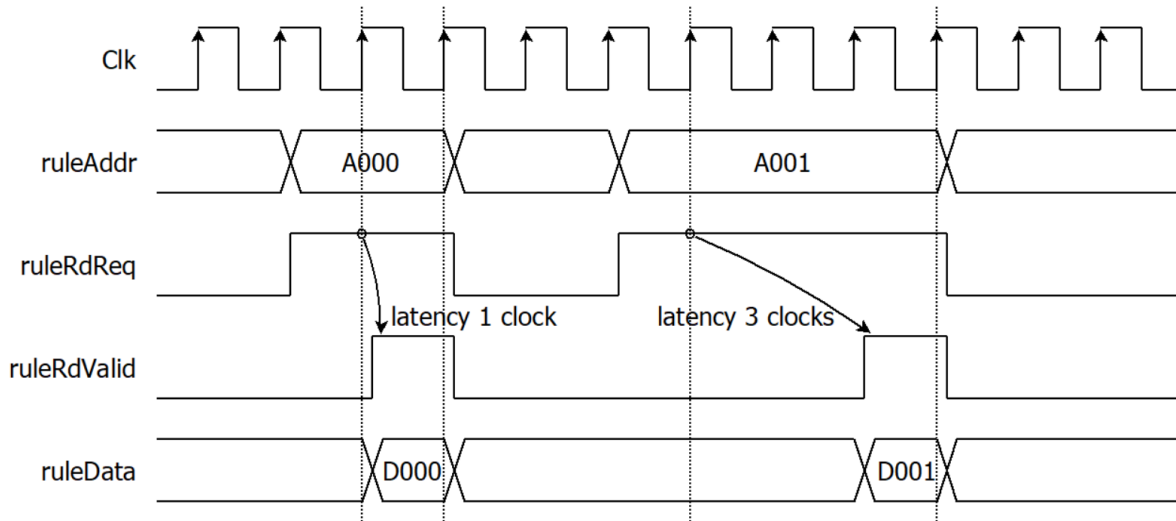


Figure 3: Rule Table memory interface timing diagram

• **Rule Table memory initialize value**

Rule Table memory is designed based on 9-bit data width memory, because rule value range is 0 to 255 and 256 for don't care.

The first step of initialize process, user need to set all value in the rule table memory before send rule initialize control signals. Figure 4 shows example of memory address mapping from user rule data for 64-bit width of rule. The maximum memory require 8192K x 9-bit for maximum 1024K rules combination.

User rule data									Rule Table address mapping								
Rule No.	Byte#0	Byte#1	Byte#2	Byte#3	Byte#4	Byte#5	Byte#6	Byte#7	Address	A+0	A+1	A+2	A+3	A+4	A+5	A+6	A+7
1	192	168	11	55	x	x	x	x	0	192	168	11	55	256	256	256	256
2	192	168	11	70	x	x	x	x	8	192	168	11	70	256	256	256	256
3	192	168	11	75	x	x	x	x	16	192	168	11	75	256	256	256	256
4	192	168	11	x	x	x	x	x	24	192	168	11	256	256	256	256	256
5	192	168	10	44	x	x	x	x	32	192	168	10	44	256	256	256	256
6	192	168	10	45	x	x	x	x	40	192	168	10	45	256	256	256	256
7	192	168	10	x	x	x	x	x	48	192	168	10	256	256	256	256	256
8	192	168	9	44	x	x	x	x	56	192	168	9	44	256	256	256	256
9	192	168	9	x	x	x	x	x	64	192	168	9	256	256	256	256	256
10	192	168	x	30	x	x	x	x	72	192	168	256	30	256	256	256	256
11	192	168	x	x	x	x	x	x	80	192	168	256	256	256	256	256	256
12	192	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	88	192	256	256	256	256	256	256	256
13	x	x	x	x	10	x	x	x	96	256	256	256	256	10	256	256	256
14	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	1	104	256	256	256	256	256	256	256	1

*Note: x is don't care

Figure 4: Example of Rule Table initialize values for 64-bit width of rule

Figure 5 shows example of memory address mapping from user rule data for 32-bit width of rule. The maximum memory require 4096K x 9-bit for maximum 1024K rules combination.

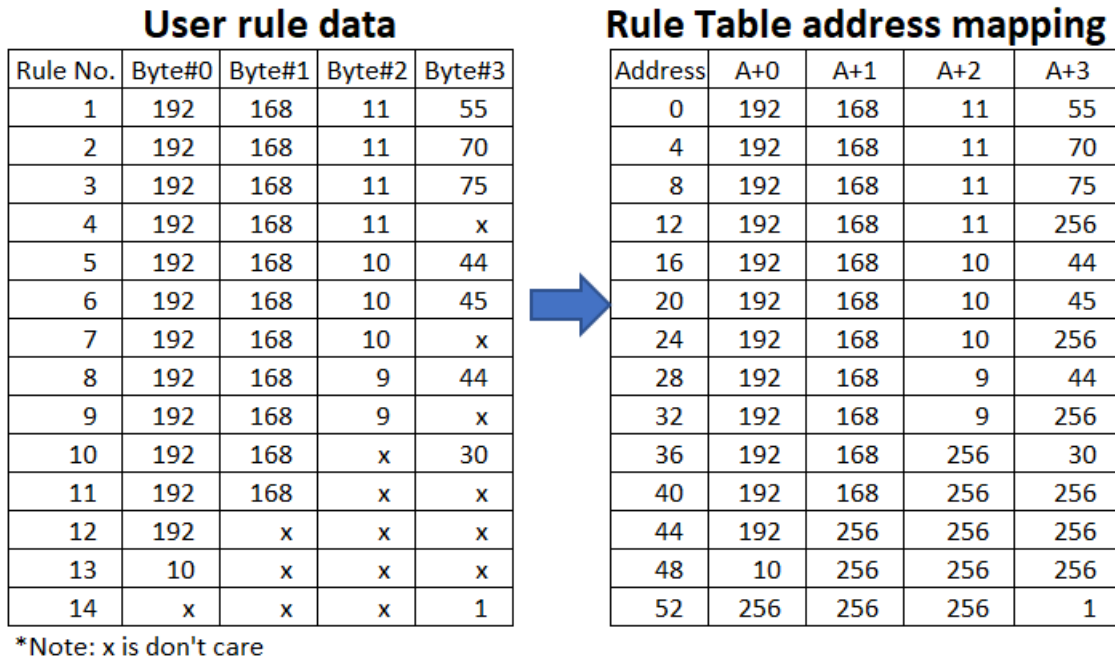


Figure 5: Example of Rule Table initialize values for 32-bit width of rule

Figure 6 shows example of memory address mapping for 24-bit width of rule. The maximum memory require 1536K x 9-bit for maximum 512K rules combination.

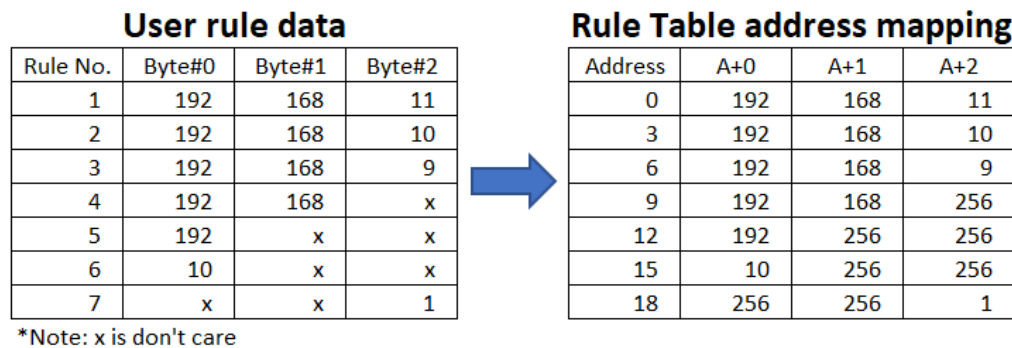


Figure 6: Example of Rule Table initialize values for 24-bit keys

Priority of searching process is based on ascending sequence of rules in rule table memory. For more understanding about priority, examples of searching key and result based on Figure 5 is shown as below.

- When searching key is 192.168.10.30, the result is rule no. 7
- When searching key is 192.168.20.30, the result is rule no. 10
- When searching key is 192.100.10.30, the result is rule no. 12
- When searching key is 111.111.111.111, the result is rule no. 0 (0 is default value of rule x.x.x.x)

• **Rule Initialize control signals**

User can specify ruleWidth as number bits of each rule (64/56/48/40/32/24), ruleCount as number of rules. Then set ruleInit signal to '1'. The tCAM-IP will acknowledge ruleInit signal by set ruleBusy to be '1'. The tCAM-IP will take some times to analyze prepare internal matching parameter, initialized time is up to ruleWidth and ruleCount values. When initialize process is finished, tCAM-IP will set ruleStatusCode before pull ruleBusy signal to be '0' as shown in Figure 7

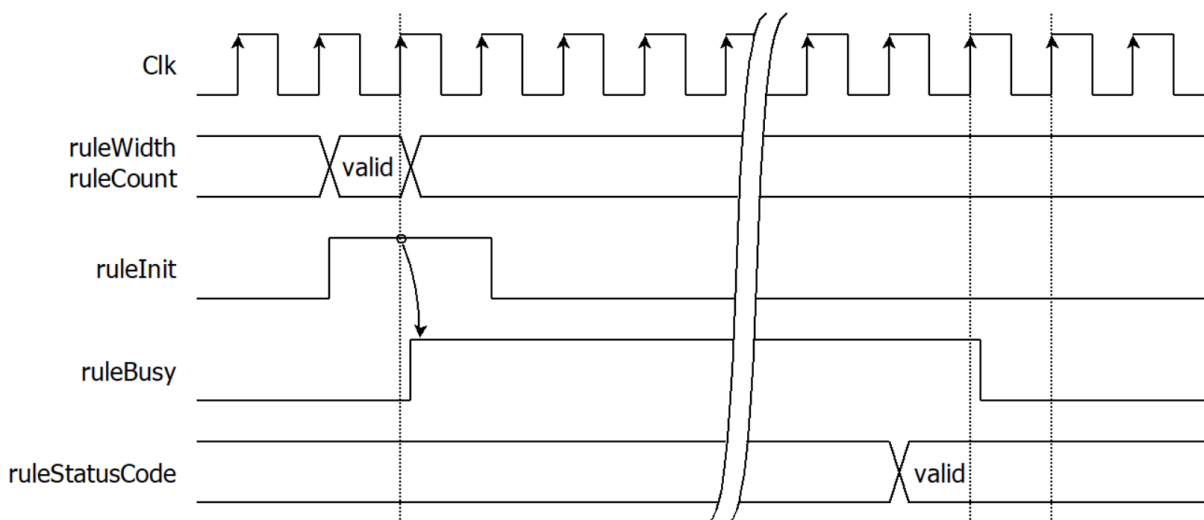


Figure 7: Rule initialize control signals timing diagram

ruleStatusCode meaning is shown as below.

- 0 : no initialize yet. (after power or hardware reset state)
- 1 : initialize completed.
- 2 : error with ruleCount is over maximum number of rules.
- 3 : error with rule value patterns are generated over maximum number of CAM.

When user detect ruleStatusCode is 2 or 3, tCAM-IP is not ready for searching. User can retry initialize again by change ruleWidth, ruleCount and set ruleInit to '1' for restart initialize process again.

After initialize process is finished with ruleStatusCode = 1, tCAM-IP can continuously search key every clock cycle by result has fixed latency at 7 clock cycles.

- **Key searching signals**

After rule initialize process is completed, user can continuously send key to search in tCAM-IP. resultValid signal is provided to easy control signal for matching between key and result as shown in Figure 8

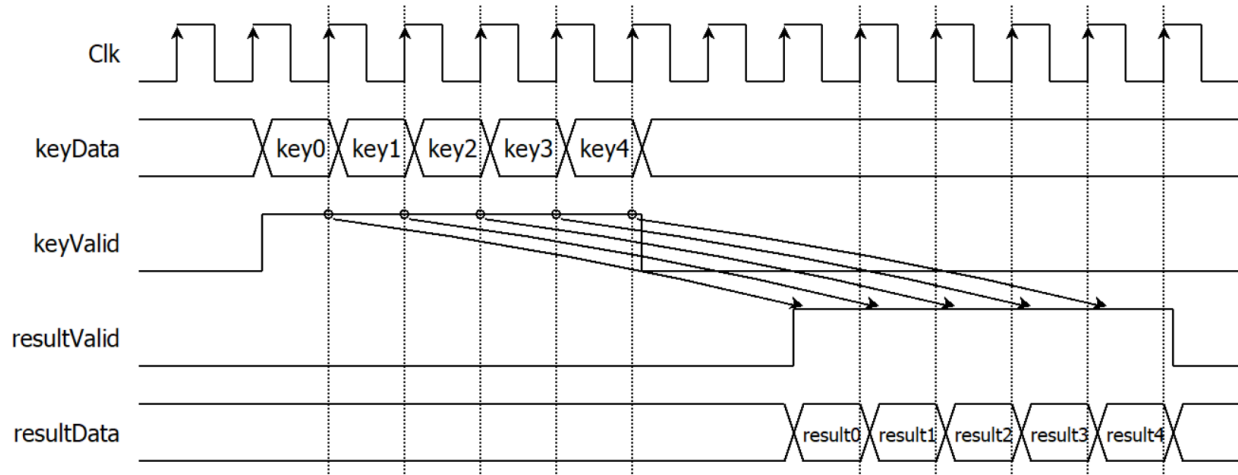


Figure 8: Key searching signals timing diagram

Example usage

The example sequence to initial tCAM-IP is shown as Figure 9

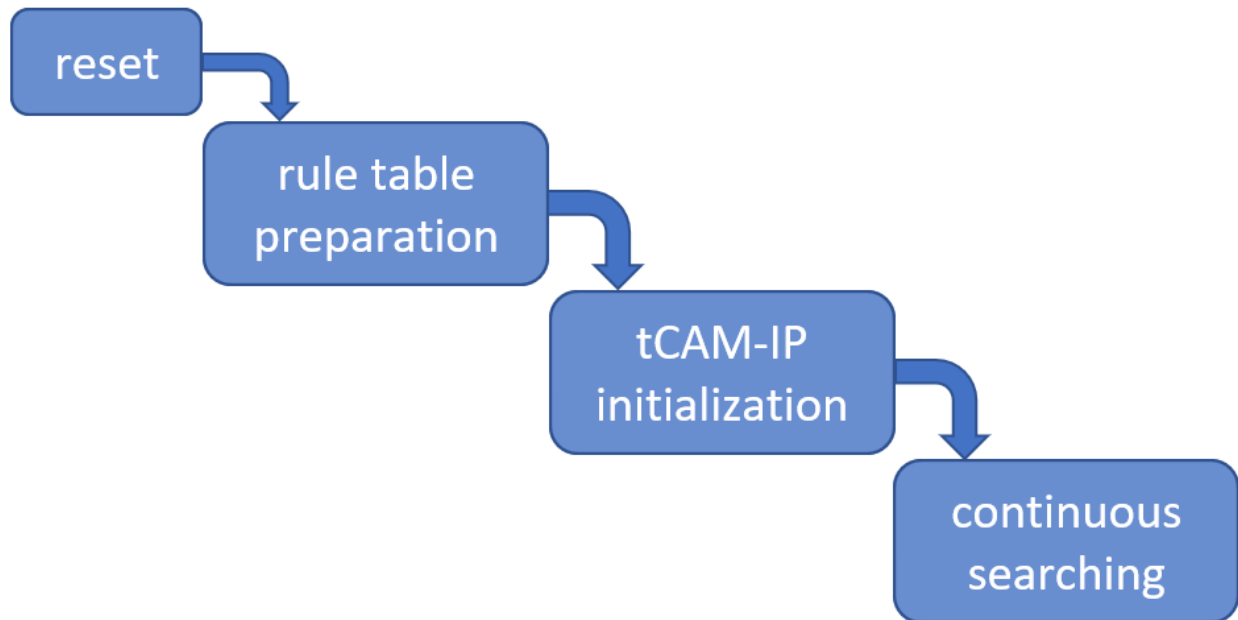


Figure 9: User operation flow

- 1) User can reset tCAM-IP by set RstB = '0'
- 2) User prepare all rule values in rule table memory
- 3) User start initial tCAM-IP by ...
 - a. set ruleInit = '1' while ruleWidth and ruleCount are valid values, wait until ruleBusy = '1', then pull ruleInit = '0'
 - b. wait until ruleBusy = '0', and check ruleStatusCode. If ruleStatusCode is not "1", redo from Step 2)
- 4) User can continuously send key to search, and result will come out with 7 clock cycles latency.

Limitation

- Maximum number of rules is up to rule pattern optimization. In the most of patterns, tCAM-IP can fit less than 1M rules.

Verification Methods

The tCAM-IP Core functionality was verified on real board design by using Arria10 SoC development board.

Recommended Design Experience

User must be familiar with HDL design methodology to integrate this IP into system.

Ordering Information

This product is available directly from Design Gateway Co., Ltd. Please contact Design Gateway Co., Ltd. For pricing and additional information about this product using the contact information on the front page of this datasheet.

Revision History

Revision	Date	Description
1.01	25/Aug/2020	- Support up to 64-bit width of rule. - Bit code utilization improvement.
1.00	4/Jun/2020	New release